



Q4 2023 Quarterly Statement

Executive Summary – Q4 and the State of Cyber Throughout 2023

Throughout 2023 we have observed over 4,000 successful ransomware attacks, multiple new groups emerge, various evolutions in malware tactics and deployment, and multiple intrusion incidents.

Q1 saw the vulnerability in the 3CX Desktop Application under CVE-2023-29059. This was the first major supply chain attack of 2023 and unsurprisingly was not the last.

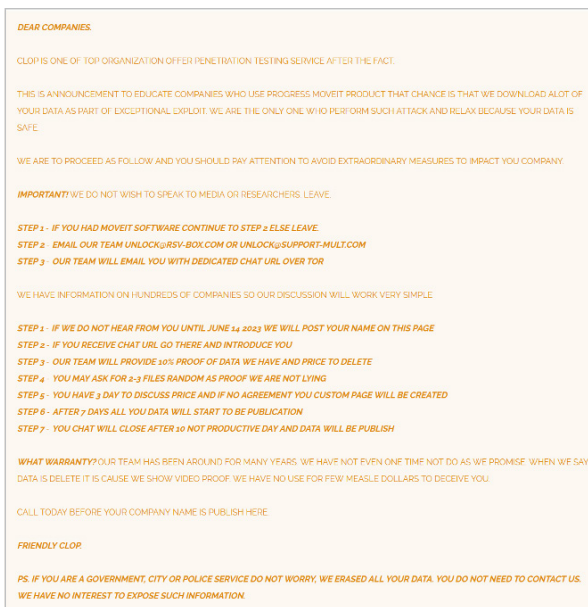
The most prevalent countries that were targeted were based in North America and Europe. This was later attributed to an alleged North Korean nexus and, a week later; multiple cryptocurrency companies were targeted by a malware strain known to be in use by the Lazarus group, dubbed Gopuram; which is evidence of the North Korean claim.

In Q2 we observed Cl0p take responsibility for the mass exploitation of the vulnerability in Movelt across compromised systems. (CVE-2023-34362). During the initial exploitation over the first weekend, approximately 200 organizations were compromised. Today, that figure is over 2,000 organizations, with over 60 million individuals being affected as a result.

This attack led into major supply chain compromises further downstream for affected organizations and should serve as an early indicator of a critical vector for 2024. Furthering this point, exploitation of unpatched systems has been a common trend for multiple years and will continue to create easy wins for ransomware groups. Organizations should make efforts to audit and understand their third-party vendors to prevent becoming victim to supply chain attacks in 2024.



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Screenshot from Cl0ps Dark Web page

Q3 saw a major ransomware attack on the MGM group. The attack curiously was claimed by two separate threat actors, AlphV and the Scattered Spider groups. It is currently unclear whether they were working together at various stages of the operation. The AlphV group saw a 400% increase in their ransomware operations during this same time. This was likely the catalyst for the FBI stepping in during our Q4 observations, which we will cover later in this report.

An existing malware strain dubbed DarkGate has changed its tactics of delivery with devastating results. The malware author switched to advertising the strain on darkweb forums and offer it out on a Malware as a Service (Maas) model, for use by other threat actors. The CyberMaxx team has personally identified multiple true positive compromises as a result.

RastaFarEye
Крипто-Кит
★★★★★

Опубликовано: В среду в 10:04 (изменено)



Seller
07
369 публикаций
Регистрация
05/06/21 (ID: 116351)
Деятельность
Другое / other
Депозит
0.500000

This is a project that i have been working on since early 2017
I just now decided to rent it out, this project is a project that I have worked on for thousands of hours (more than 20,000)
This is the ultimate tool for pentesters/redteamers
Currently there are 4/10 slots available.

At the moment I don't intend to rent it to more than 10 people in order to keep this project private,
I also do not intend to rent it to people who do not understand its meaning and do not know how to use it because it is a destructive tool
That is not currently detected by any antivirus that knows how to do everything from privilege escalation and many more exploits and features that you won't find anywhere..
All our features are completely undetected because they run directly in memory without touching disk
*We have added the option of buying a package for one day so that you can check the quality of the product and get an impression
*Don't waste my time asking for discounts because the price I'm currently selling is very very cheap and the price is expected to rise in the coming months
*Read the thread carefully until the end

CURRENT PRICES
Payments only in crypto (BTC, ETH, MONERO, ETC..)
1 DAY PACKAGE -> 1000\$ (YOU CAN BUY THIS PACKAGE ONLY 1 TIME WITH EACH EXPLOIT.IN ACCOUNT)
MONTHLY - 15,000\$
1 YEAR UPDATED -> 100,000\$

Darkgate malware listing on Dark Web Forum

Our tracking of high impact groups had shown that their activity continues to grow quarter-over-quarter. These are opportunistic threat actors that have previously mobilized high severity vulnerabilities in the past within hours, targeting organizations that were slow to patch.

DarkGate is a loader malware that has been used to infect a system with various utilities, including infostealers, follow-up payloads and ransomware. Until very recently, Darkgate was distributed through phishing emails however since June 16, 2023, the developer (known as RastaFarEye) has been advertising DarkGate on darkweb forums, offering it as a service. Due to this, we have witnessed firsthand a sharp increase in the frequency of infections, alongside finding multiple true positive infections during our IR efforts.

More details on the various loading techniques can be found at the CyberMaxx Blog Post titled [Darkgate Malware: Initial Loaders and How to Mitigate Issues](#).

Most recently across Q4 we observed the FBI seize AlphV's website, which was promptly taken back by the ransomware gang – this cycle repeated approximately four times before concluding. During the seizures Lockbit allegedly reached out to several high ranking AlphV developers and affiliates. We will see if Lockbit's modus operandi changes in 2024 as a result of this rumored strategic acquisition.

Definition of Loader Malware

Loader malware is designed to serve several functions within the attacker killchain. Loader malware serves two main purposes:

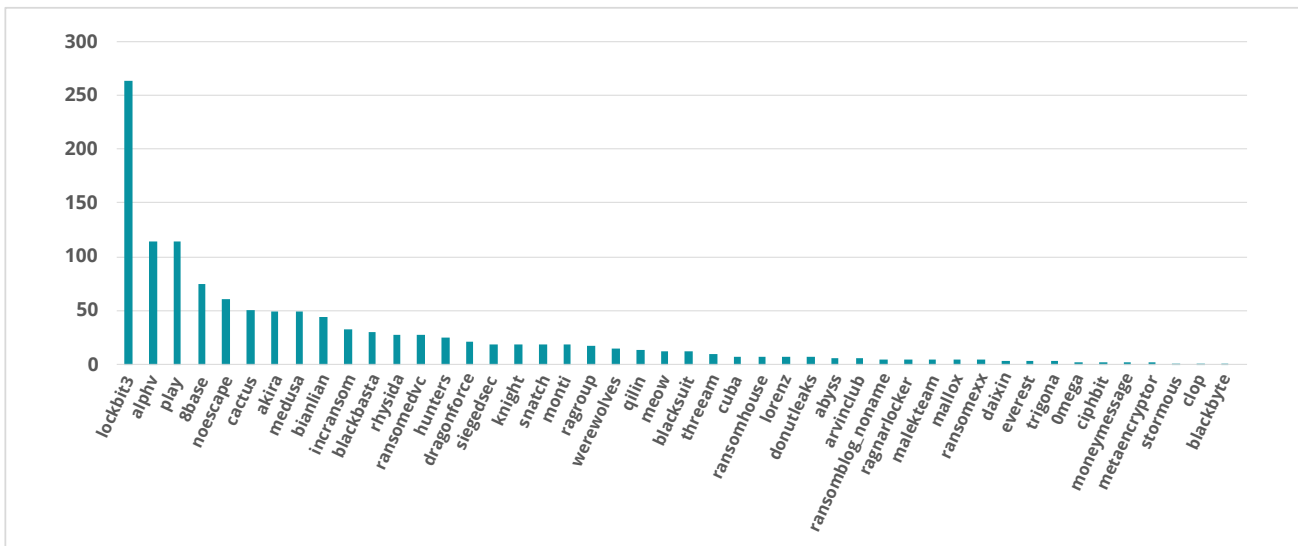
- Set up the target system to increase the likelihood of successful infection
- Test that the environment is suitable for the later payload to execute correctly. This includes testing for debuggers, virtual environments, and other monitoring / testing sandboxes

The above strategies are designed to stop defenders from accessing their payload for reverse-engineering and defensive efforts. By testing the environment first, the likelihood of successful execution increases significantly.

There can be multiple payloads in a loader chain. It is not uncommon to see first, second, third and fourth stage payloads all that perform some different task or requirement for the final infection stage.

So what is the final stage payload? The answer to that is it depends. Loader malware is usually bundled with several features, which typically allow the strain to be modular and load multiple different items that an attack may require. These range from ransomware directly to RAT, Infostealers, crypto-miners, and many others. Loader malwares focus is to increase the success of the later payload.

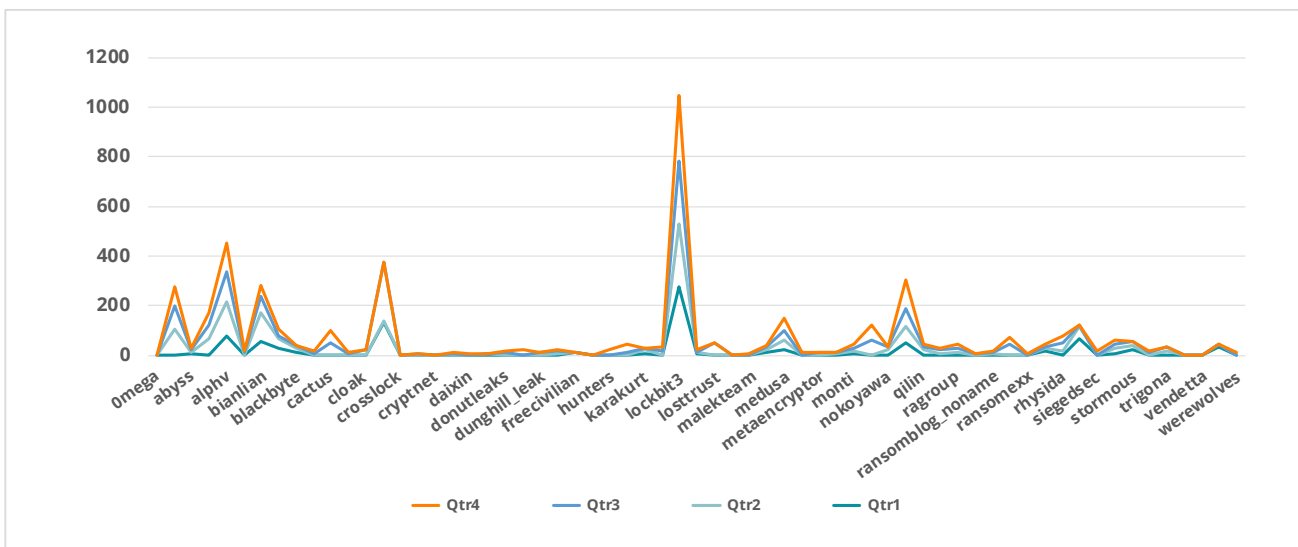
Ransomware Activity



All Threats by Volume, Q4 2023

The final quarter of 2023 (Oct 1st – Dec 31st) saw a total of 1,218 successful ransomware attacks against organizations. In Q3 we saw a total of 1,495 attacks, resulting in a 22% decrease quarter over quarter curiously.

This brings the total number of ransomware attacks in 2023 to 4,769, compared to 2,870 attacks in 2022. A 66% increase in attacks year over year. Lockbit come out in front again this quarter, with their final count at 263 attacks. Followed by AlphV and Play at 114 each, 8Base at 75, and NoEscape at 61.



Growth of Threat Actor Activity Quarter by Quarter 2023

NoEscape



NOESCAPE

WELCOME TO NOESCAPE BLOG

Here you can view and download the data of companies that refused to cooperate with us. If you are a representative of one of the companies presented on the site, please contact us, we are always open for cooperation!

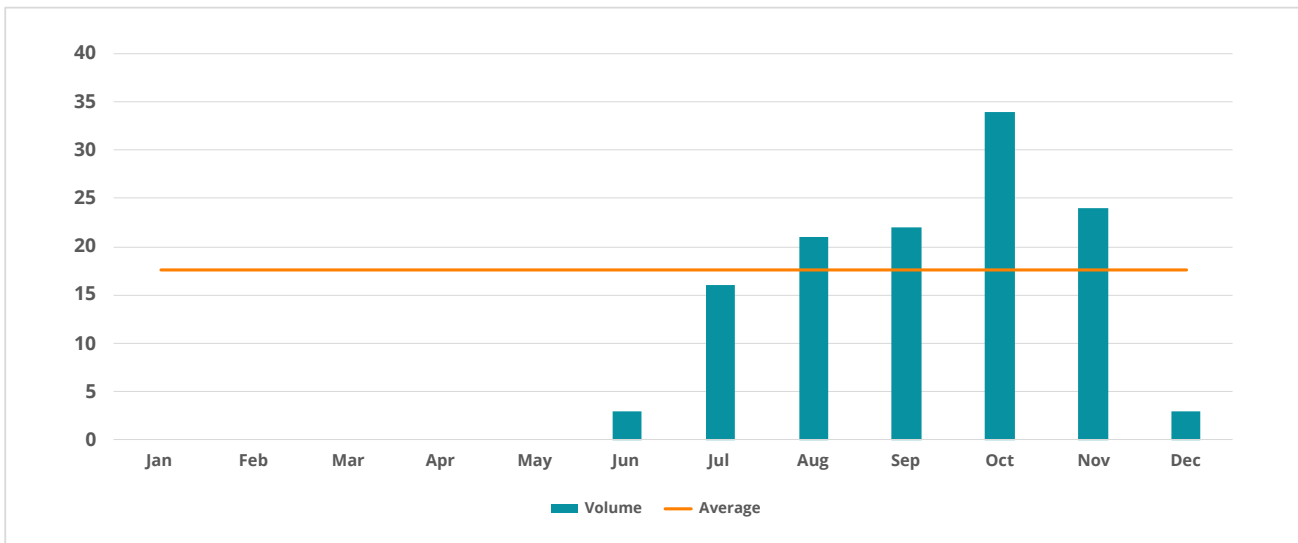
[NoEscape Ransomware Group Dark Web Page](#)

NoEscape are a relatively new group that we began monitoring back in June and have quickly made a name for themselves offering a RaaS (Ransomware-as-a-Service) model. They operate a shared profit model, with any ransom in excess of \$3M USD running a 90/10 split for affiliates, or 80/20 for \$1M USD payouts. Interestingly, NoEscape do not target groups in the CIS (Commonwealth of Independent States) in Eurasia, which may be indicative of where the group is based from.

NoEscape averaged 17.5 attacks per month this year (excl. non-activity months from January to May). NoEscape fall into the 'opportunistic' category of threats, targeting multiple organizations from various countries regardless of industry.



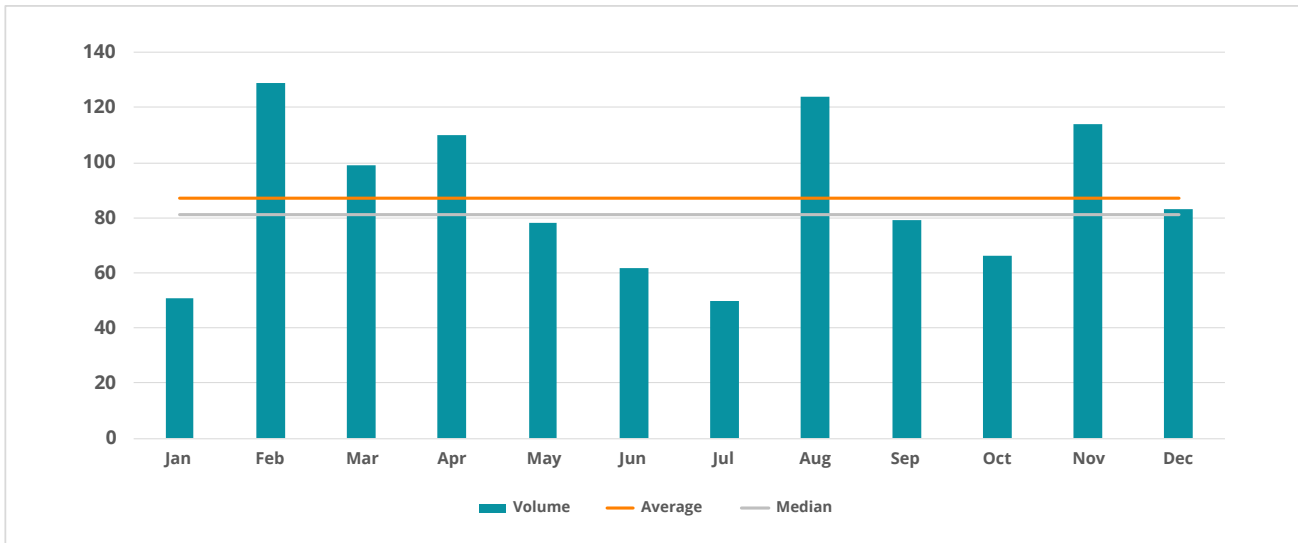
Map of CIS States



NoEscape Month-by-Month Ransomware Activity 2023

LockBit

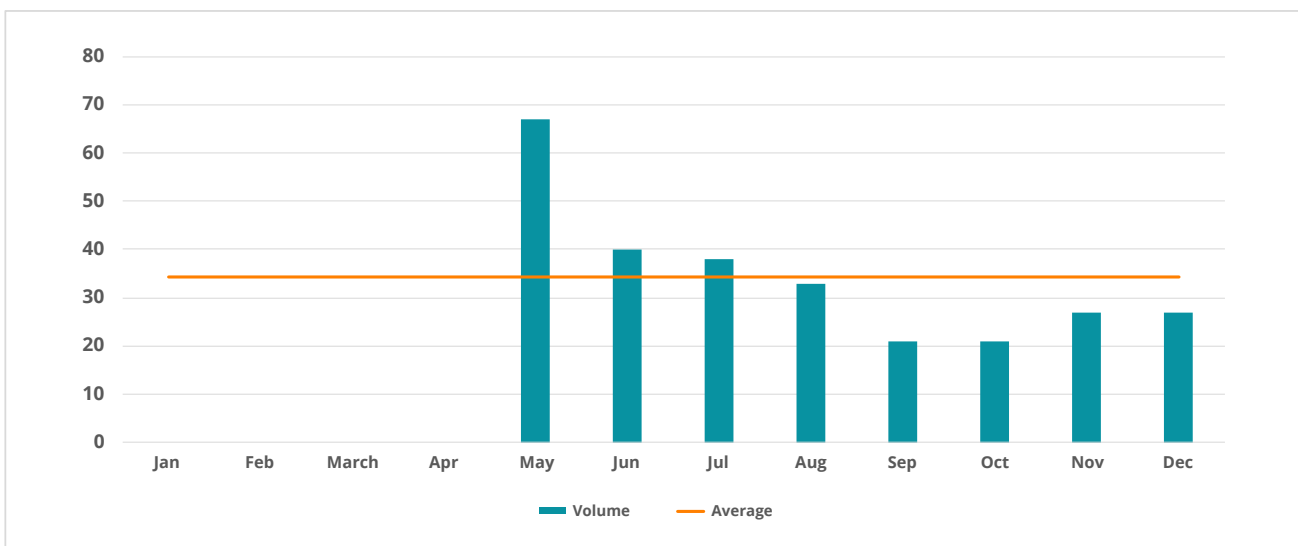
Lockbit, on average, completed 87 successful ransomware attacks each month with a median frequency of 81 attacks each month. Considering that Lockbit are highly opportunistic, utilizing initial access brokers to purchase access to systems, and target software vulnerabilities rather than specific industries directly; we can easily see why they have consistently been the most prolific ransomware group in 2023.



Lockbit Month-by-Month Ransomware Activity 2023

8Base

Earlier this year in Q2 we identified 8Base as an up-and-coming threat and added them to our watchlist. They have consistently appeared near the top of our tracking efforts since. 8base are also opportunistic and make use of all chances to exploit that comes across their path.



8Base Month-by-Month Ransomware Activity 2023

Looking Ahead into 2024

A common theme across the major incidents of this year is an assault on the supply chain, affecting customers downstream. These types of attacks are proving to be more and more lucrative for threat actors, as one successful compromise can grant them access to dozens or even hundreds of customer environments.

These types of proxy attacks aren't going away in 2024. CISOs should be mindful of who has access to their network and ensure that their vendor's security posture is to an acceptable standard that aligns with internal efforts being made to reduce the likelihood of falling victim to such attacks. Focus on NAC, tooling, and ensure that devices joining the network match said standard. Work with your security partners to perform risk assessment and make a note of the tooling they use to help reduce the attack surface and improve your posture.

CISOs should also make endeavors to update and maintain accurate inventory and SBOM within their environment. Shepherding the technologies that are active in your network will help security teams to identify abnormal activity (know normal), as well as provide you with the means to filter your intelligence to just the items that affect your teams, coordinating patch management, and needed architectural changes.

Initial Access teams continue to exploit unpatched systems, and most groups today have outsourced this part of their operation to dedicated teams so they can focus on post-breach coordination, exfiltration, and extortion. However, the teams that perform initial access now have a market for their efforts and will continue to exploit vulnerable systems and people. SBOM comes into focus here as well. Knowledge of what is your network combined with knowledge of who is exploiting those technologies can drive your security roadmap throughout the year.

Threat Actors with funding from interested parties will often make use of Ransomware as a Service, utilizing double-extortion tactics to ensure that data is exfiltrated out of the network. The goal here is often to increase the payments received from the victim organization. An ulterior motive may not immediately be obvious, in that the backing party will want to access to this data specifically – often leading to intellectual theft, stealing of secrets, and access to other sensitive information.

About CyberMaxx

CyberMaxx, LLC, founded in 2002, is a tech-enabled cybersecurity service provider headquartered in New York, NY. Through a comprehensive set of services CyberMaxx empowers customers to Assess, Monitor, and Manage cyber risk and stay ahead of emerging threats. CyberMaxx expanded its capabilities through the 2022 acquisition of CipherTechs, an international cybersecurity company providing a complete cybersecurity portfolio across MDR Services, Offensive Security, Governance, Risk & Compliance, DFIR, and 3rd-party security product sourcing.

CyberMaxx's managed detection and response solution (MAXX MDR) is designed to be scalable for clients of all sizes, providing protection and improving the organization's security posture, ultimately giving customers peace of mind that their systems and data are secure.



Learn More, Today!

To learn more about CyberMaxx's solutions please visit, CYBERMAXX.COM to get started.